# Real Property Committee PEl Law Society

Presentation to Land Matters Advisory Committee

## **Introductory Comments**

- Presentation materials should not be considered as an advocacy position for any group, person, corporation or industry
- Comments are made on behalf of the Real Property Committee and are reflective of legal experiences in dealing with real property related matters
- Comments reflect matters that present challenges when dealing with real property and as they affect the public at large

## TOPIC – Lands Protection Act – No Reasons Given for Denials

#### Concerns

- No decisions for denials leaves both sellers and purchasers unsure as to next steps
- Costly for potential purchasers as application fee lost
- O Difficult to advise sellers and purchasers following a denial
- O No clarity as to options for next steps, judicial review, etc.
- Requirement to provide reasons for a decision are a fundamental principle to administrative <u>law</u>

- Consider implementing a requirement for Executive Council to provide reasons for all denials so as to promote transparency and certainty for sellers and purchasers
- This would be beneficial for compliance with principles of administrative law

## TOPIC – Lands Protection Act - Succession

### Concerns

- Current aggregate land limits can impede the transfer of a family fam to the next generation if the farm operation requires a designated land base for its successful operations
- Potential for negative consequences if a family farm only has one heir to continue operations
- O Current legislative provisions are discretionary and do not provide for certainty (LPA, s. 2(2) and 2(3))

## Objective

Consider implementing provisions that provide for certainty and predictability in dealing with succession issues where aggregate land holdings may be exceeded on the death of a family member(s)

## **TOPIC – Lands Protection Act - Thresholds**

#### Concerns

- Five (5) acre land threshold is a very low threshold for resident owned corporations
- The current application process results in additional time, costs and expenses for resident owned corporations
- Results in additional time for those selling land to resident owned corporations

## Objective

 Consider whether the existing land holding thresholds of five (5) acres can be increased for resident owned corporations

## TOPIC – Lands Protection Act - Identification

#### Concerns

- Process of identification and de-identification seems to be arbitrarily decided in some cases
- O De-identification process is very cumbersome
- De-identification process adds time, costs and expense to land owners
- De-identification process involves a review within multiple Government departments and is duplicative
- Is it necessary for one acre lots that meet Planning Act standards to have IRAC de-identification approval?

- Consider whether the process of identification and de-identification is needed
- Consider whether the de-identification process can be streamlined to make it less cumbersome

## TOPIC – Lands Protection Act – General Comments Regarding Recent Changes

#### Issues

- Arable and Non-arable lands
- Leasing in/Leasing out
- O Global Lease Permits
- Aggregate Land Holding Limits

### Comments

- O A positive introduction to the LPA
- A positive introduction to the LPA
- Many do not seem to be aware of Global Lease permits and the requirement to make annual filings
- Calculations can be complicated, complex and are often not fully understood

## TOPIC - Planning Act - Administration

#### Concerns

- Responses can seem ad hoc, and in some cases, subjective (i.e. variances)
- Timing for responses/approvals can be quite lengthy in many cases which adds time, costs and delays to the general public
- Staffing levels

- Consider the demand currently in place and how best to respond with staffing levels
- Consider how to remove subjectivity from any portions of the Planning Act so as to ensure certainty

## TOPIC - Planning Act - Administration

#### Concerns

- Many smaller municipalities do not seem equipped with the resources needed to fully prepare, implement and manage proper land planning and development needs
- Issues with municipal amalgamations and planning processes

- O Consider if smaller municipalities can be assisted with Provincial resources to prepare, implement and manage land planning and development matters
- Consider whether proper planning matters need to be in place as part of municipal amalgamations

## TOPIC - Planning Act - General

#### Concerns

- Planning Act can be modernized in some ways
- Land Use clarity needed
- Description Bare land condos are become more popular, but there is a large degree of uncertainty towards jurisdiction pertaining to their overall development, including the responsibility for approvals, building permits, road access, etc.
- Special Planning Areas are problematic for many land owners

- Consider a review of the entire Planning Act
- Consider how condominiums should factor into principles of proper planning and the Planning Act at large
- Consider reviewing whether Special Planning Areas are still needed

## TOPIC – Registration of Surveys

#### Concerns

- Lack of clear requirement to have surveys registered
- Different approaches between jurisdictions
- Lack of consistency as to who is responsible for registration
- Significant amount of time can be spent trying to locate approved survey plans
- Costly

## Objective

 Ensure that there is a clear legislative requirement to have all approved land surveys registered in the appropriate land registry

## TOPIC – Land Registry System

#### Concerns

- Most Canadian Provinces have moved to a Land Titles System
- Registry based system adds time and costs to land transactions
- Impossible to operate remotely with a registry based system
- There are delays in getting information uploaded to Geolinc in a timely manner, resulting in questions from the public as to accurate land ownership records

## Objective

 Consider whether a transition to a Land Titles system should be considered

## **TOPIC – Land Transfer Tax**

#### Concerns

Exemptions exist for tax free transfers from an individual to a wholly owned corporation but the restrictions can limit the ability to complete "inter-family" transfers where a corporate entity is involved if the shareholders differ from the land owners

## Objective

Consider whether an exemption can be developed allowing for land transfers to be completed without triggering transfer tax so long as the transfer is an "interfamily" transfer

## Three (3) Take Aways

- Consider updates to provincial planning and land use regulation through the Planning Act for unincorporated areas of Prince Edward Island, which will likely necessitate increased staffing requirements.
- O Consider providing more transparency through the Lands Protection Act, including the provision of written reasons for all denials.
- Address the burdens created by the Lands Protection Act on resident owned corporations, with emphasis on the land holding thresholds and succession issues.

## PEI Real Property Committee

Presentation to the Land Use Advisory Committee